

Changing paleoclimates in the Cretaceous southern high latitudes

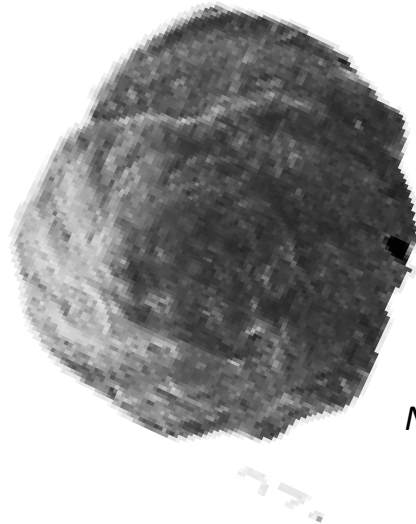


Wolfgring, E. (WG Heinz)

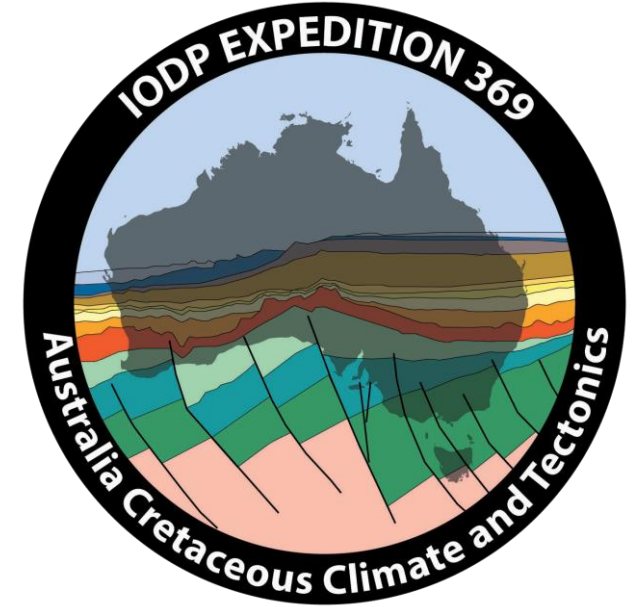
~90 Ma



G. linneiana



N. rakauroana



FWF

Der Wissenschaftsfonds.

Changing paleoclimates in the Cretaceous southern high latitudes

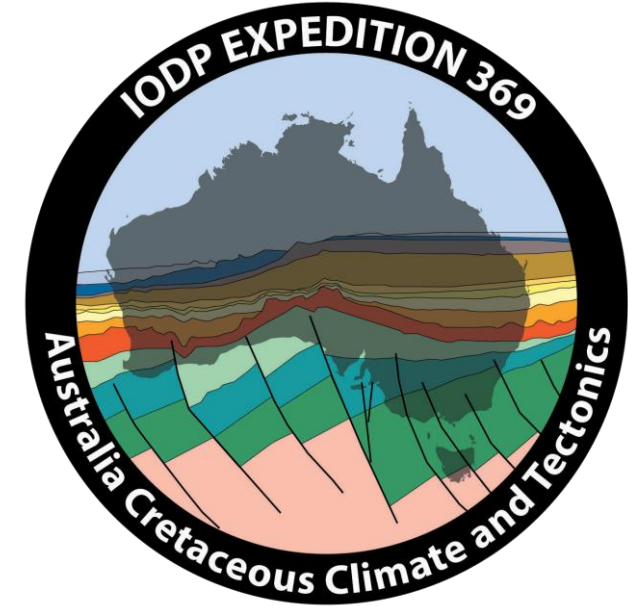


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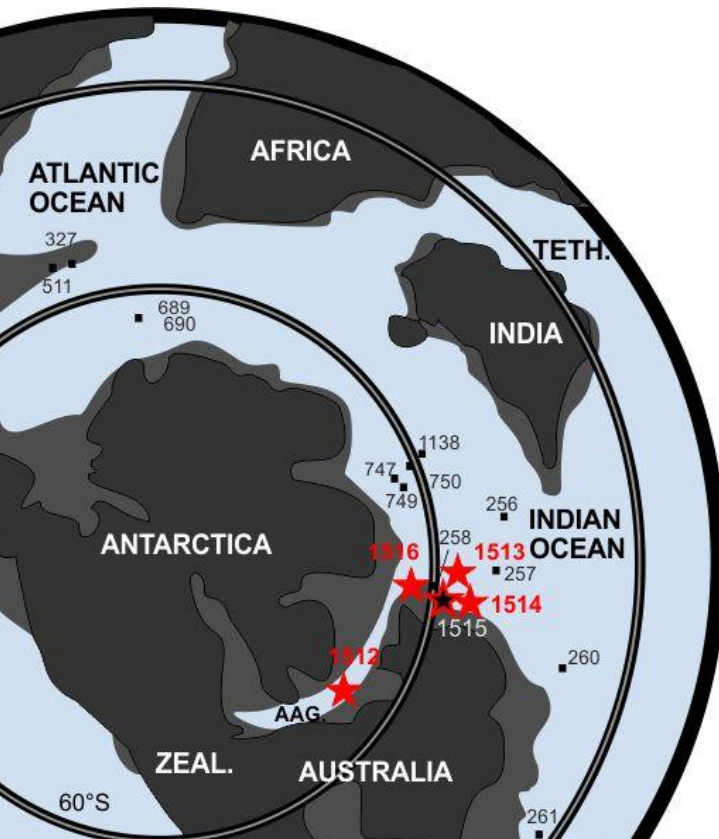
FWF P-4444: A benthic perspective on Cretaceous Austral climate evolution

IODP Expedition 369

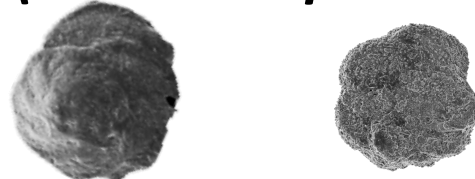
- *the Cretaceous greenhouse*
- *Breakup of Gondwana*
- *Cretaceous Oceanic Anoxic Events (OAE)*
- *Cretaceous paleoceanography*



~90 Ma



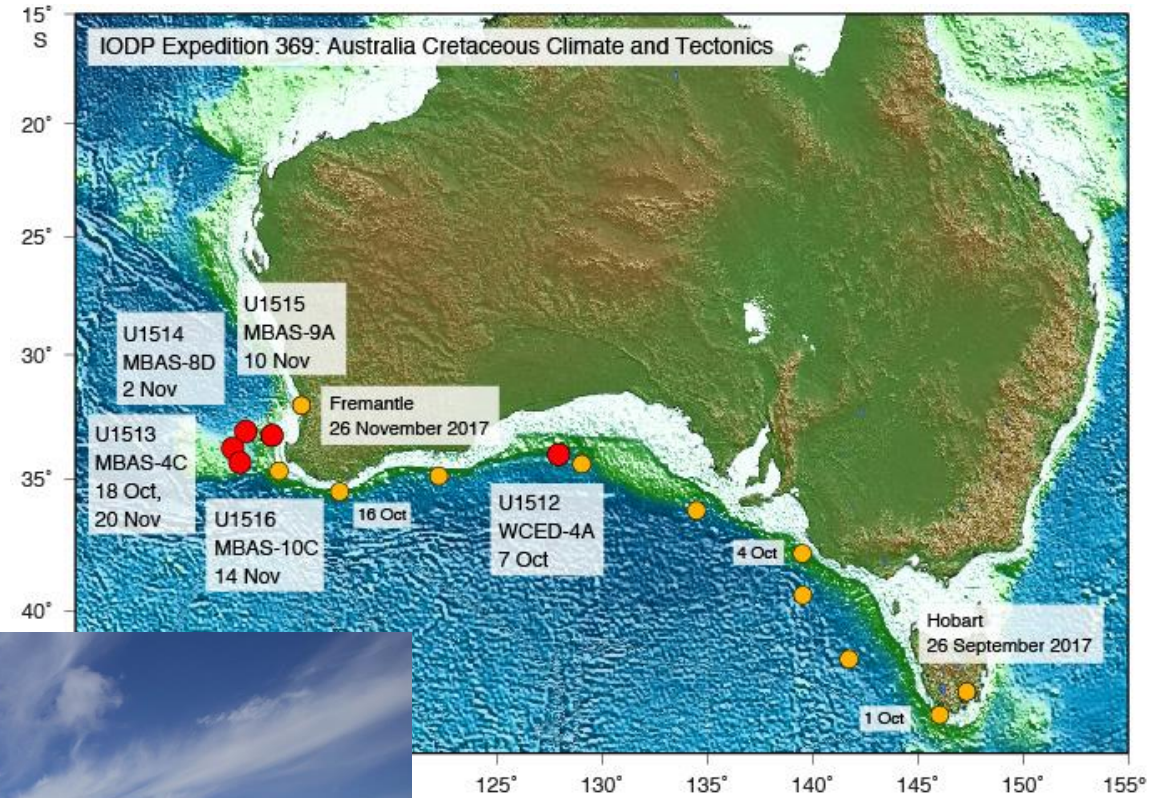
Microfossils -> Foraminifera as proxy (benthic & planktic)



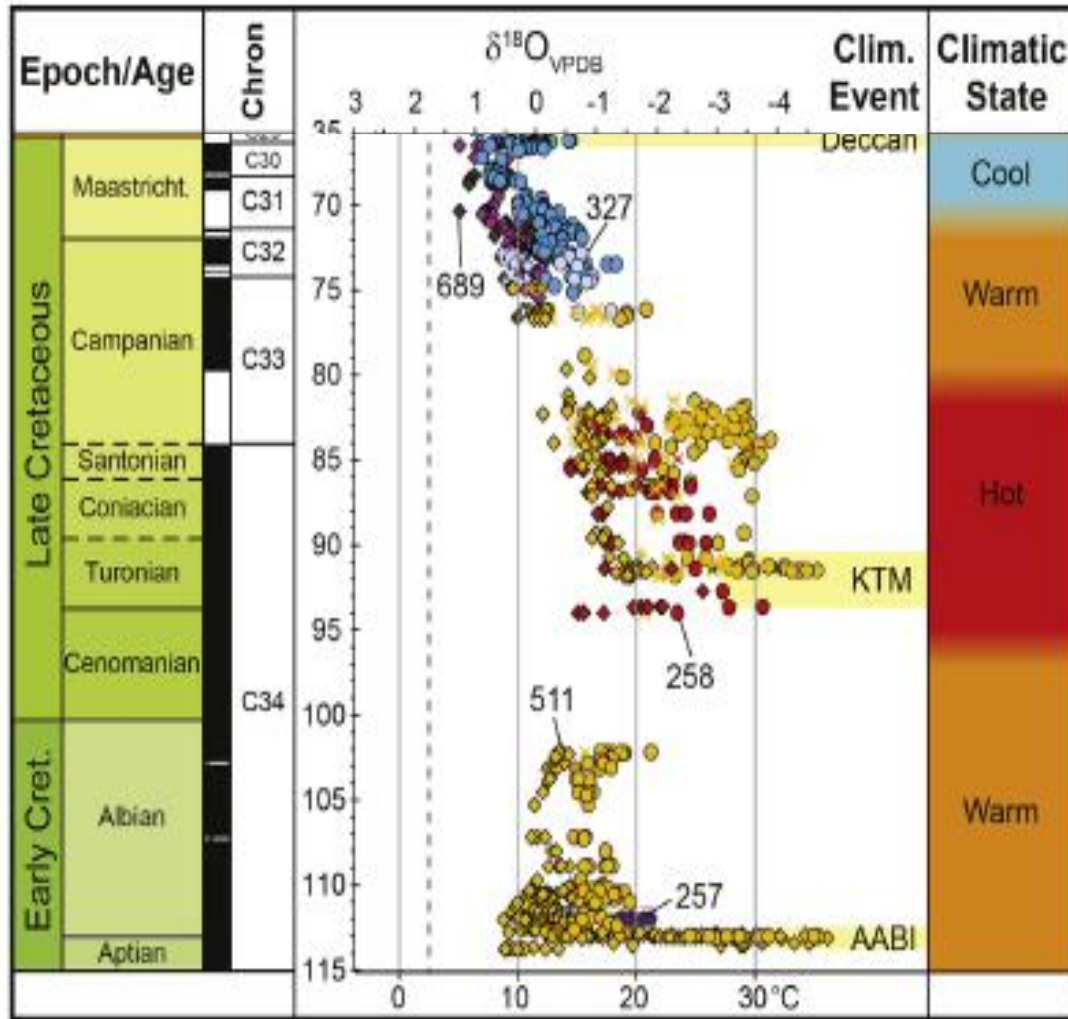
FWF

Der Wissenschaftsfonds.

A benthic perspective on Cretaceous Austral climate evolution

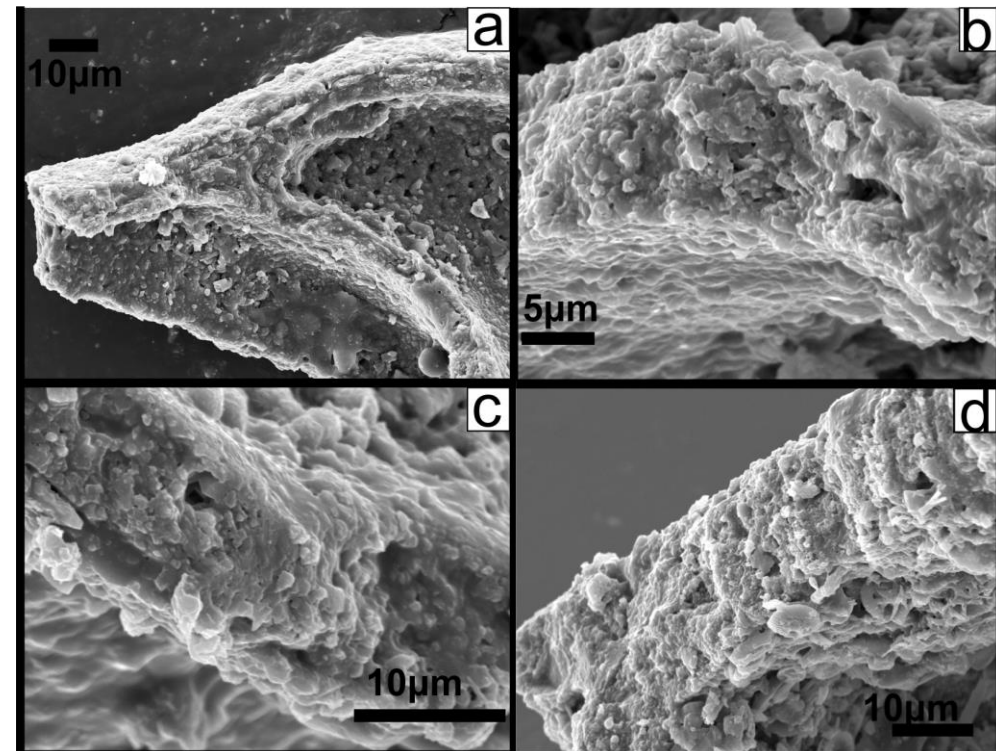


Why the Upper Cretaceous record of IODP Sites U1512/U1513/U1516 is important:



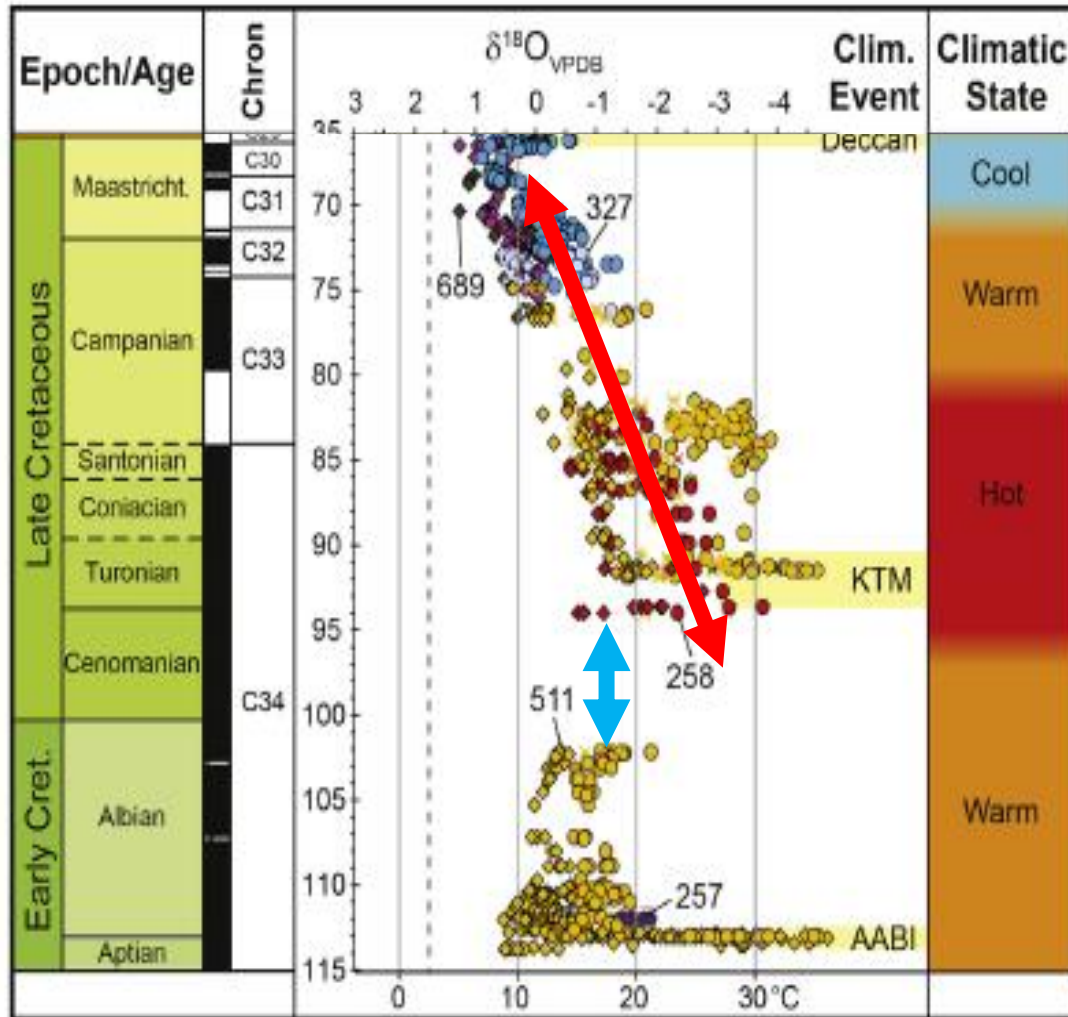
Huber et al., 2018

Stable isotope ratio of foraminiferal tests used for temperature reconstruction



Wolfring et al., 2022

Why the Upper Cretaceous record of IODP Sites U1512/U1513/U1516 is important:

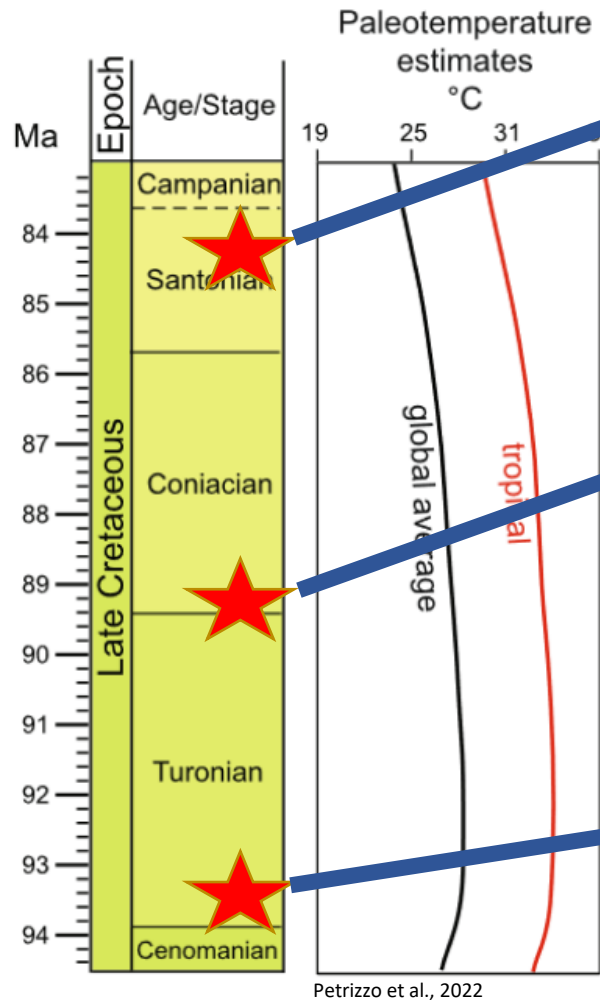


Stable isotope record of benthic and planktonic foraminifera:

Late Cretaceous between 25 and 10° average surface water temperature From “hothouse” to “cool greenhouse”

Gap in tmp. record Coniacian/Turonian

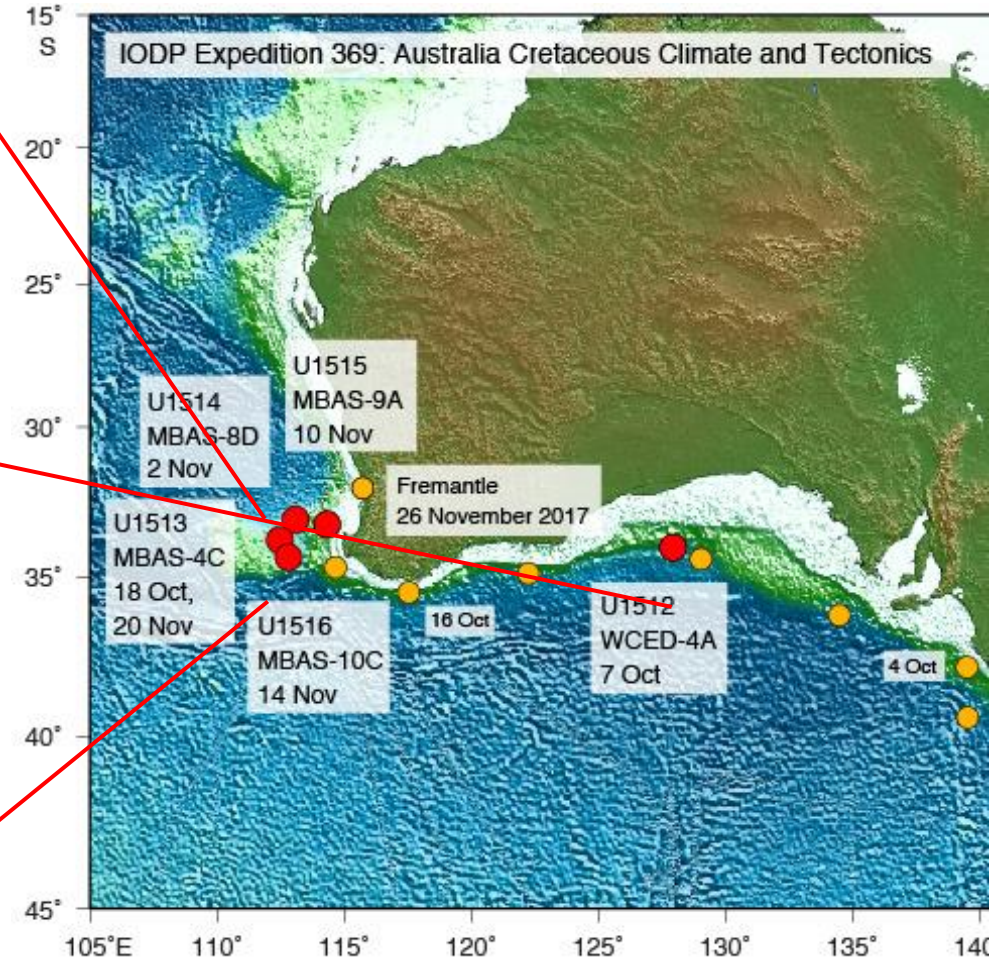
Three case studies – exploring evidence of Cretaceous climate change



- **C.3: Benthic foraminifera in a cool climate change setting**

- **C.2: A marginal-marine/estuarine basin after the Cretaceous hothouse**

- **C.1: Cenomanian/Turonian hothouse in the southern high latitudes**



Case study 1:

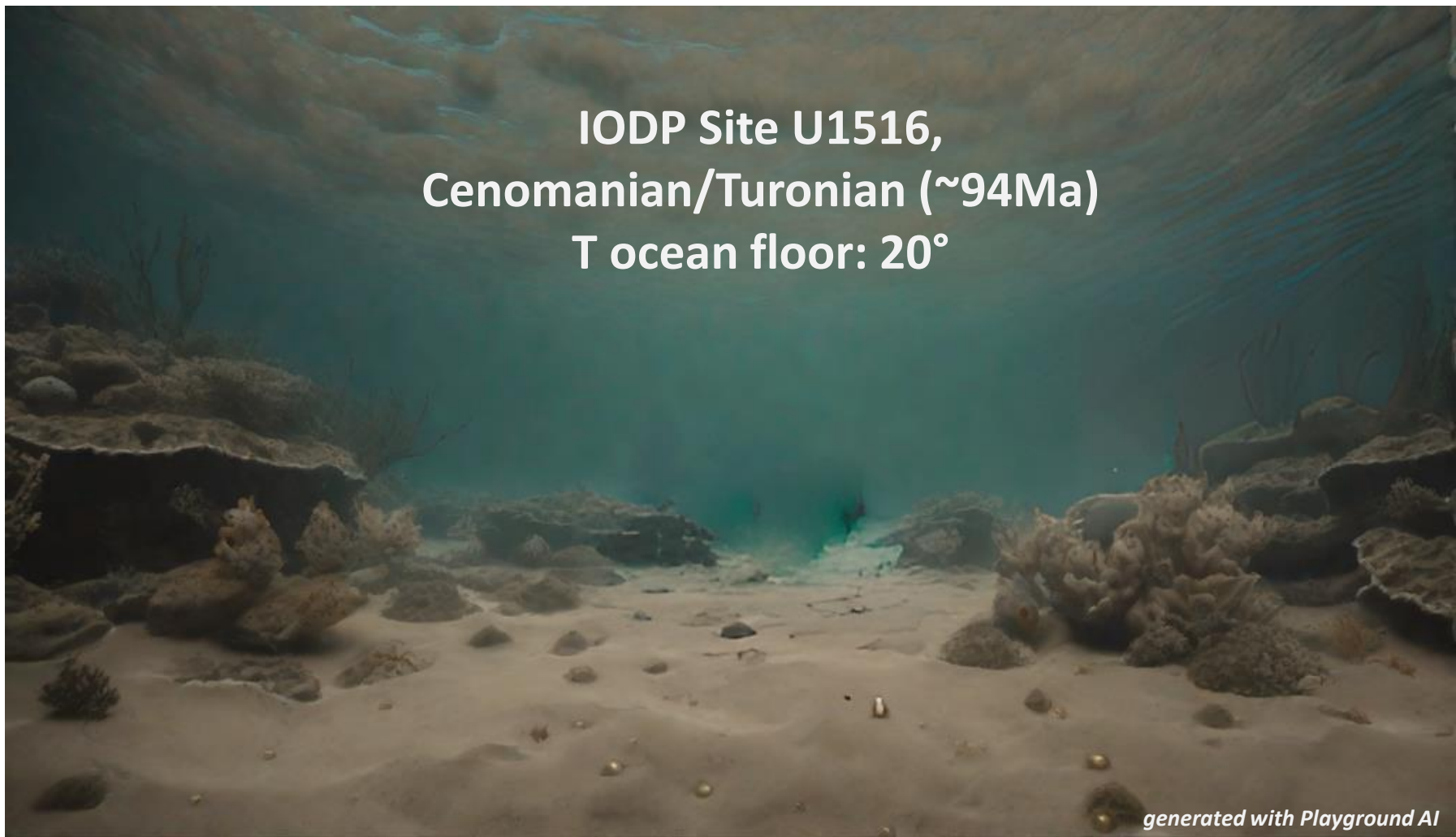
Benthic foraminifera during the Oceanic Anoxic Event 2 (OAE) in the Mentelle Basin IODP Site U1516



- Cenomanian/Turonian hothouse setting
- Large Igneous Province (Kerguelen Plateau ?)
volcanism
- global avg. temp. 25°

Benthic foraminifera during the Oceanic Anoxic Event 2 in the Mentelle Basin IODP Site U1516

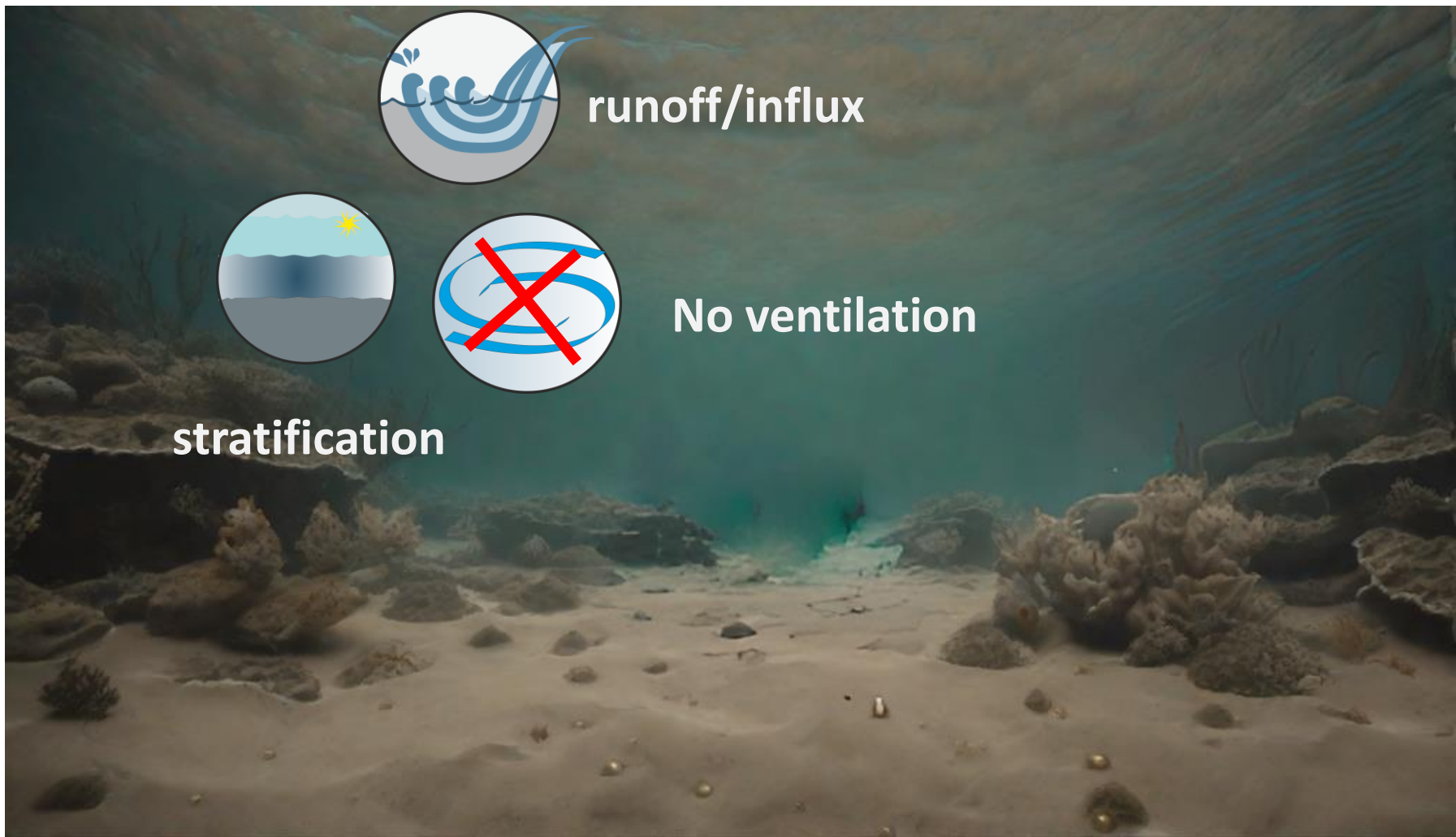
Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfring et al., 2019



generated with Playground AI

Benthic foraminifera during the Oceanic Anoxic Event 2 in the Mentelle Basin IODP Site U1516

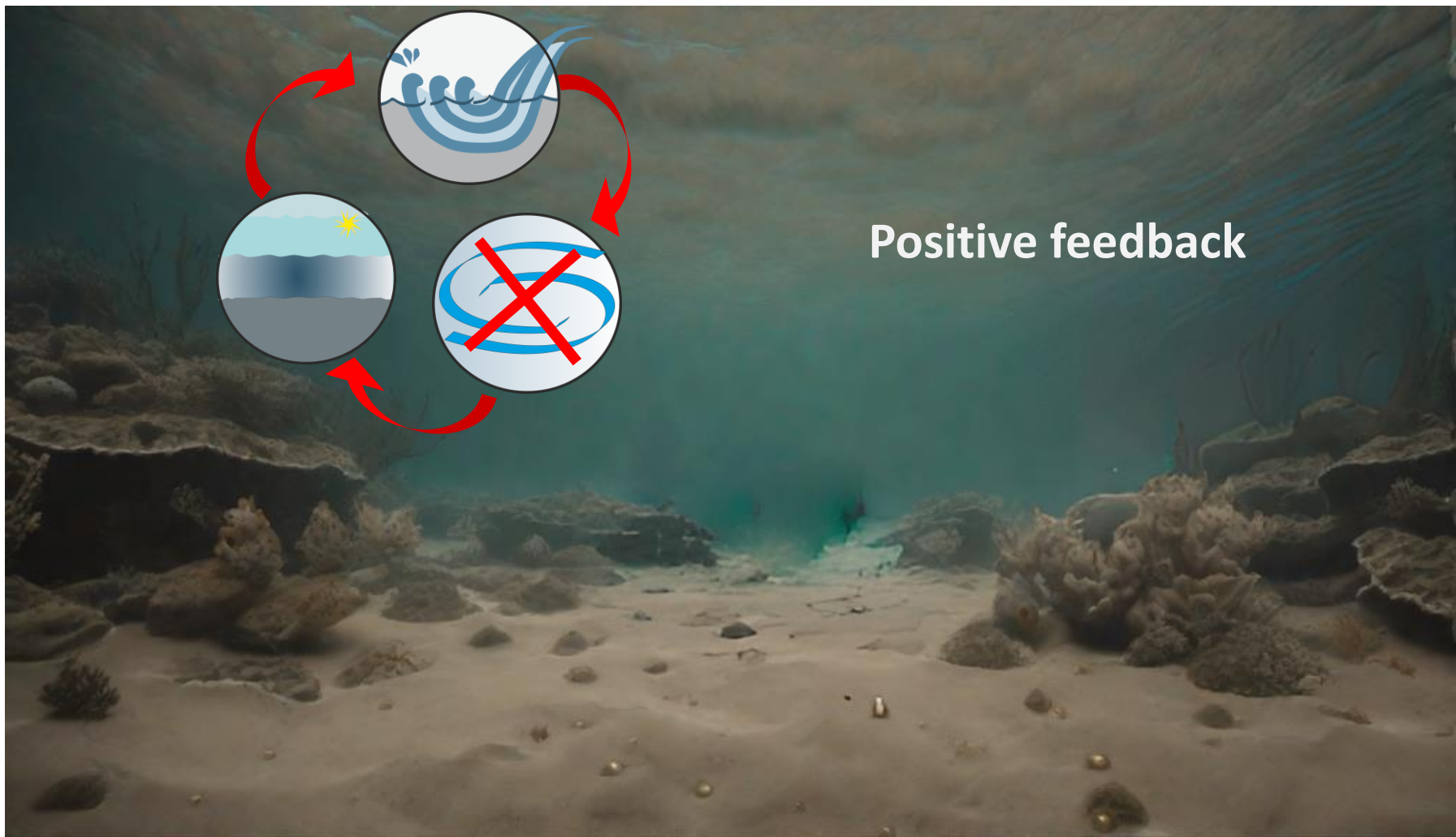
Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfring et al., 2019



Petrucci et al., 2022

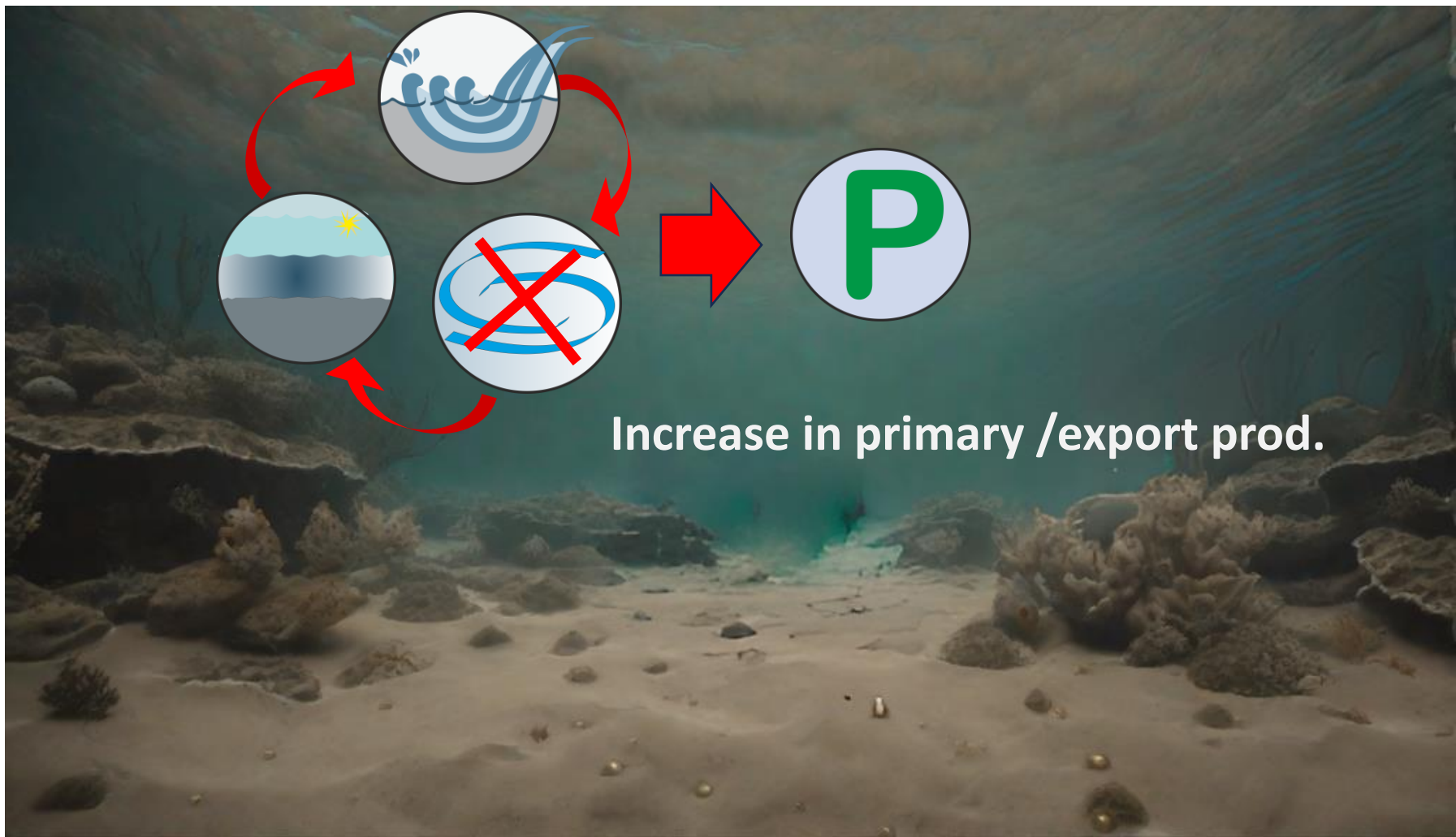
Benthic foraminifera during the Oceanic Anoxic Event 2 in the Mentelle Basin IODP Site U1516

Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfring et al., 2019



Benthic foraminifera during the Oceanic Anoxic Event 2 in the Mentelle Basin IODP Site U1516

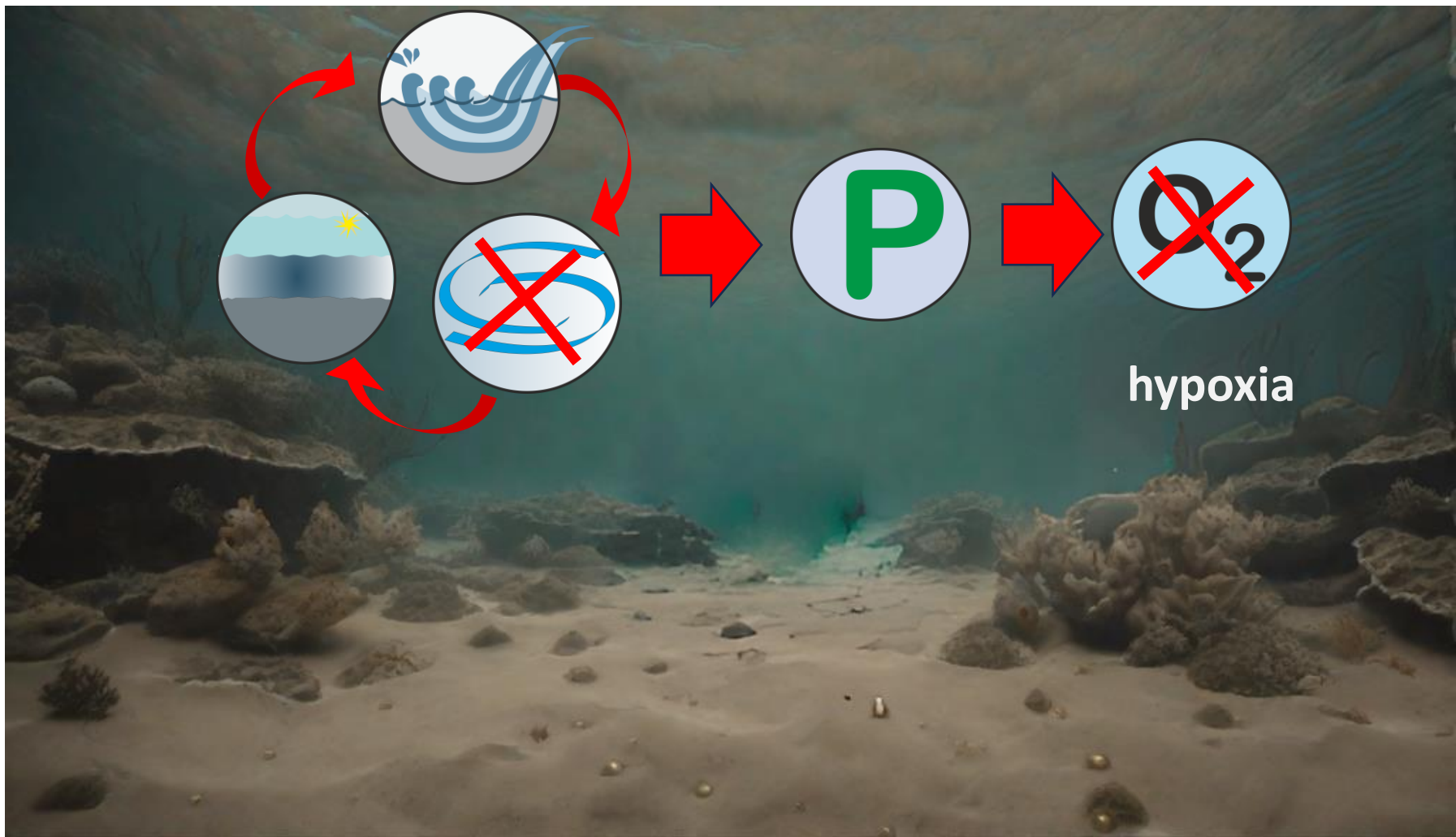
Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfring et al., 2019



Petrijzo et al., 2022

Benthic foraminifera during the Oceanic Anoxic Event 2 in the Mentelle Basin IODP Site U1516

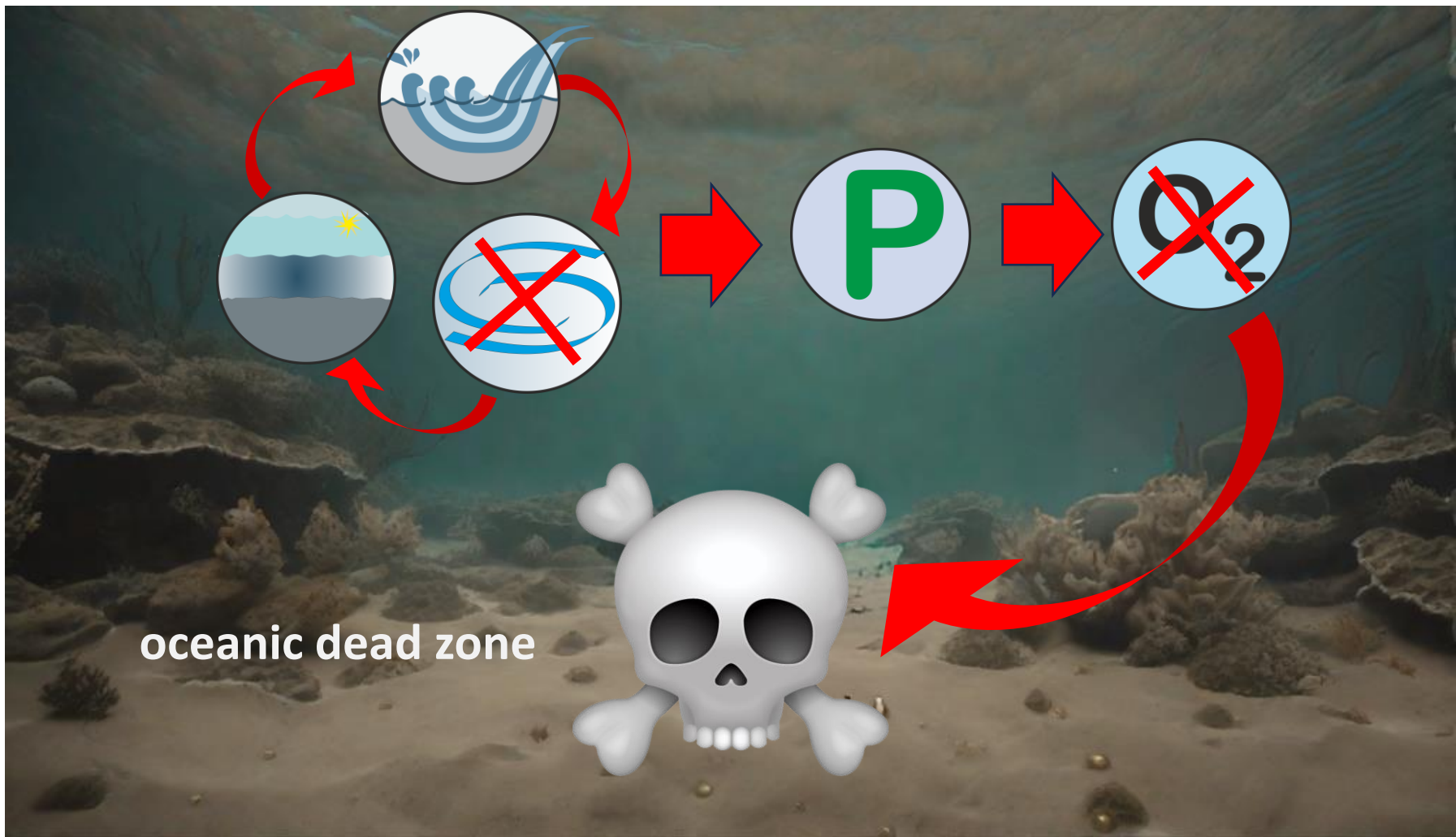
Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfring et al., 2019



Petrijzo et al., 2022

Benthic foraminifera during the Oceanic Anoxic Event 2 in the Mentelle Basin IODP Site U1516

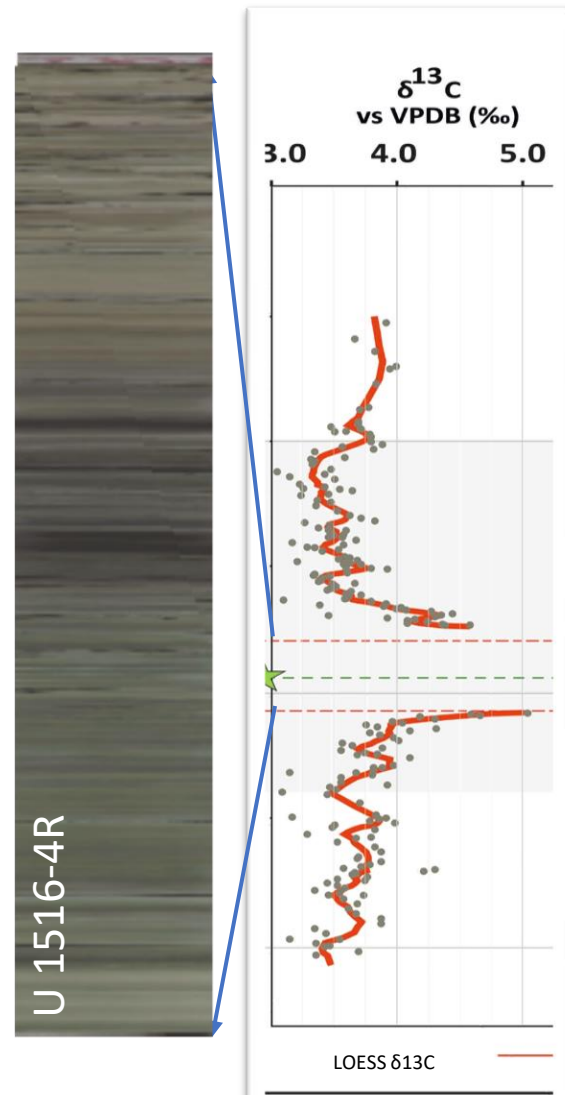
Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfring et al., 2019



Petrijzo et al., 2022

Benthic foraminifera during the Oceanic Anoxic Event 2 in the Mentelle Basin IODP Site U1516

Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfgring et al., 2019



- Changes in microfossil assemblages illustrate different paleologic intervals during Oceanic Anoxic Event (OAE) 2
- Numbers of BF decline and reach lowest during the max. $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ isotope excursion (CIE).
- Rebound of BF numbers in post-CIE and post OAE intervals.

Case study 2:

The Upper Cretaceous record of IODP Site U1512

- a marginal marine/estuarine basin

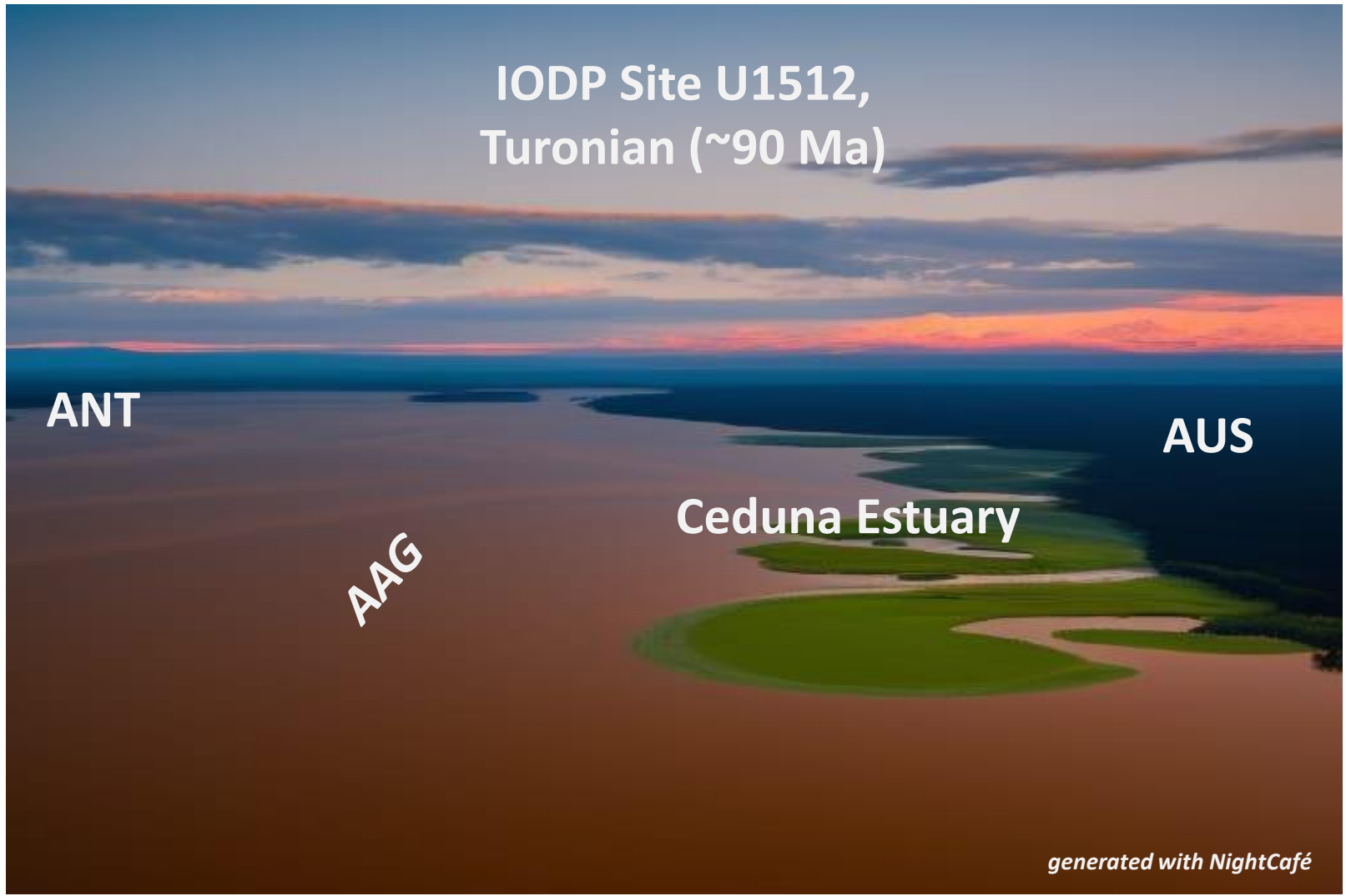


- documenting ~10 Ma of the opening of the Australo-Antarctic Gulf
- terrestrial, estuarine and/or marine influence
- ~700 core meters of greyish-blackish siltstone



The Upper Cretaceous record of IODP Site U1512 - a marginal marine/estuarine basin

Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfring et al., 2019



The Upper Cretaceous record of IODP Site U1512 - a marginal marine/estuarine basin



Inoceramid bivalve from Site U 1512



- Taxa tolerant to brackish environments (foraminifera, radiolaria, inoceramids)
- Terrestrial and marginal marine, thick clay/siltstone packages
- opening of the Australo-Antarctic Gulf to Indian Ocean evident vs. Santonian (top of the section)

Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfring et al., 2019



Petrijzo et al., 2022

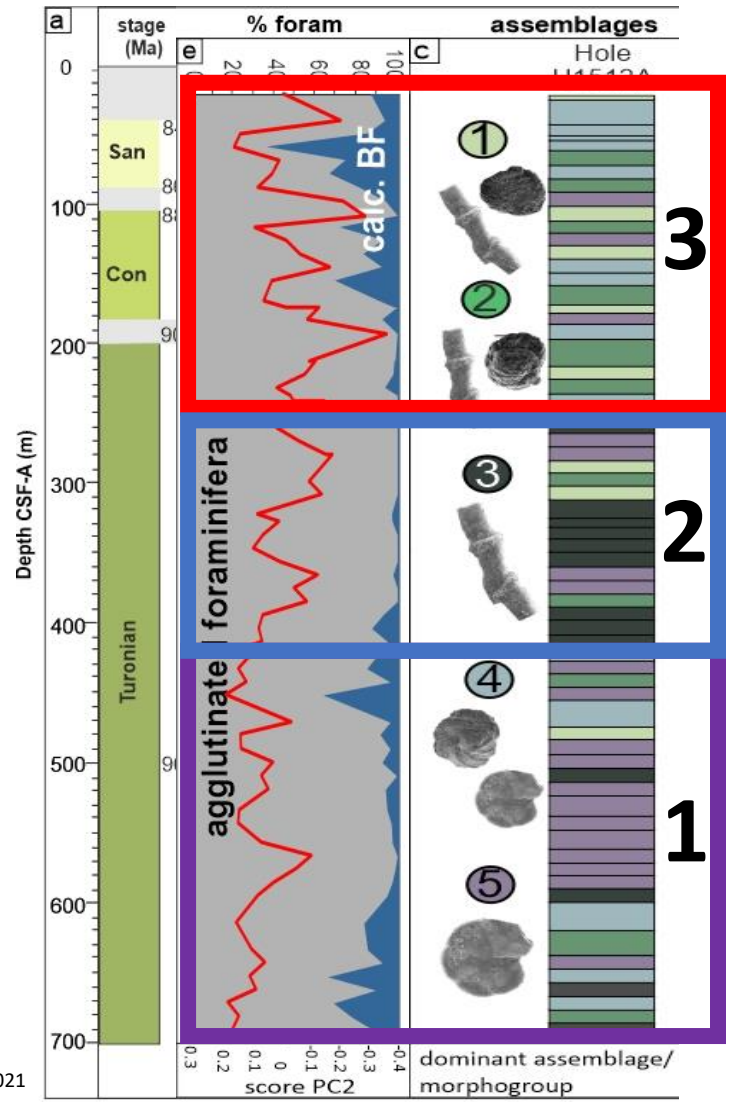


The Upper Cretaceous record of IODP Site U1512 - a marginal marine/estuarine basin

Mays, et al., 2014
Wolfgring et al., 2019



- environmental reconstructions based on variations in of benthic organisms
- gradual process of opening of the AAG, Alternating marine and terrestrial influence recorded in benthic foraminiferal assemblages
 - 1. terrestrial & estuarine**
 - 2. transgressive high org. matter**
 - 3. marine influence**



Wolfgring et al., 2021

Case study 3:

Cooling in the Santonian – how do fauna in bottom waters react?

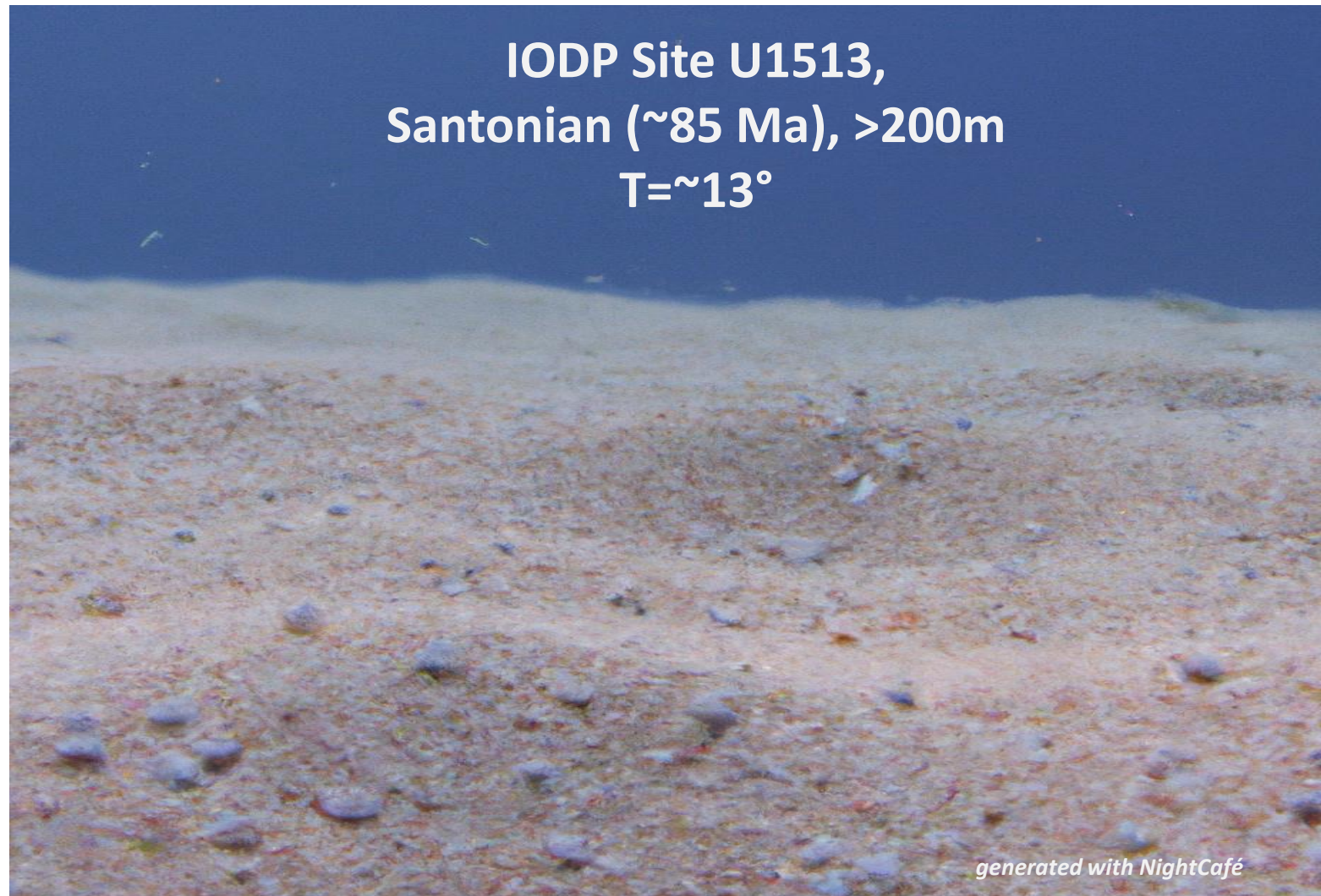


- The onset of the Late Cretaceous cooling
- Isotopic data from surface dwelling planktonic foraminifera suggest a large increase in $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ values (implying cooling by $\sim 5^\circ\text{C}$)



Cooling in the Santonian – how do fauna in bottom waters react?

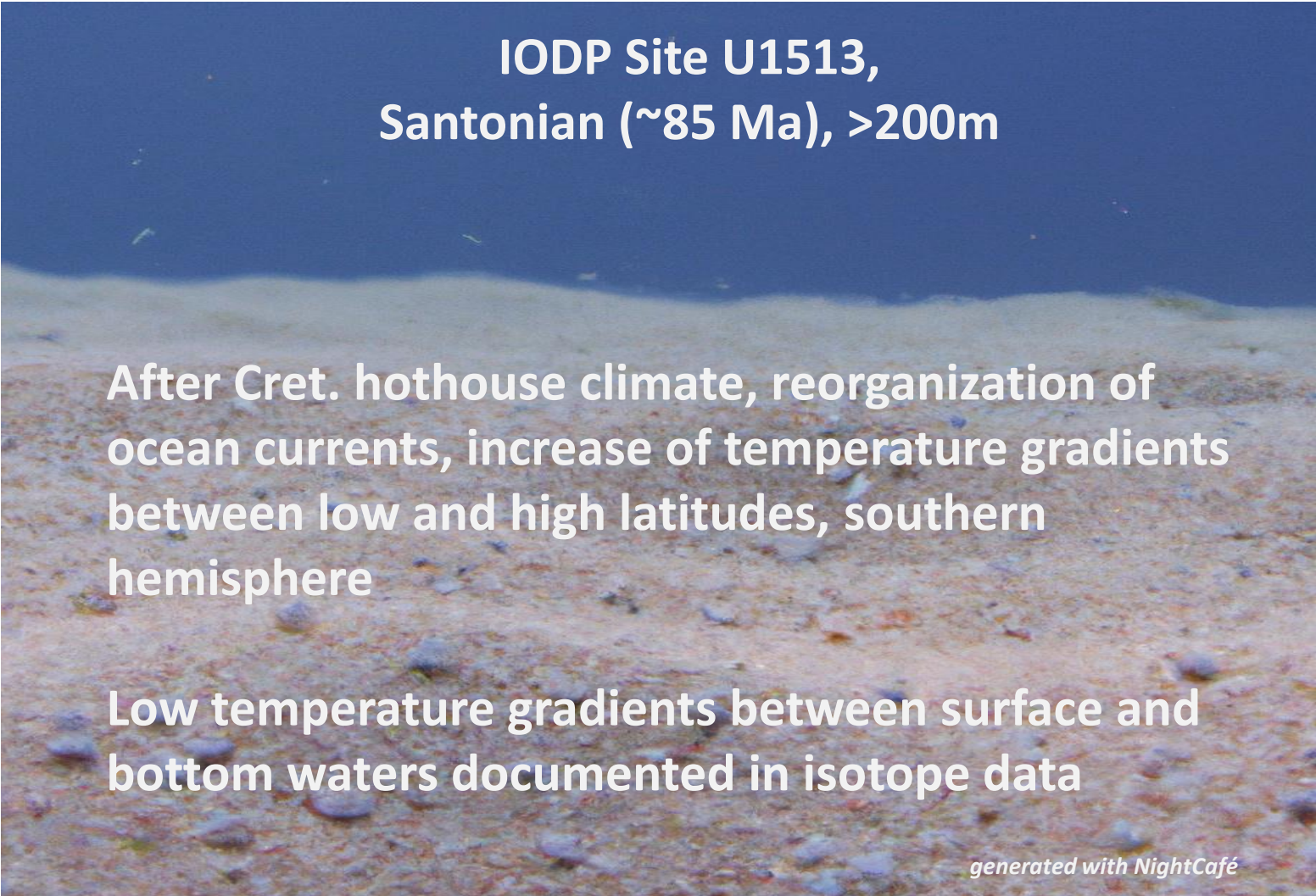
Mays, et al., 2014
 Wolfgring et al., 2019





Cooling in the Santonian – how do fauna in bottom waters react?

Mays, et al., 2014
 Wolfgring et al., 2019



IODP Site U1513,
 Santonian (~85 Ma), >200m

After Cret. hothouse climate, reorganization of ocean currents, increase of temperature gradients between low and high latitudes, southern hemisphere

Low temperature gradients between surface and bottom waters documented in isotope data

generated with NightCafé



Cooling in the Santonian – how do fauna in bottom waters react?

Mays, et al., 2014
 Wolfgring et al., 2019



IODP Site U1513,
 Santonian (~85 Ma), >200m

planktonic foraminifera,
Globotruncana linneiena

epibenthic foraminifera
Notoplanulina rakauroana

generated with NightCafé

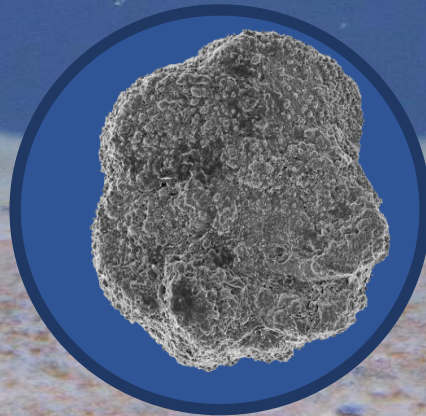


Cooling in the Santonian – how do fauna in bottom waters react?

Mays, et al., 2014
 Wolfgring et al., 2019

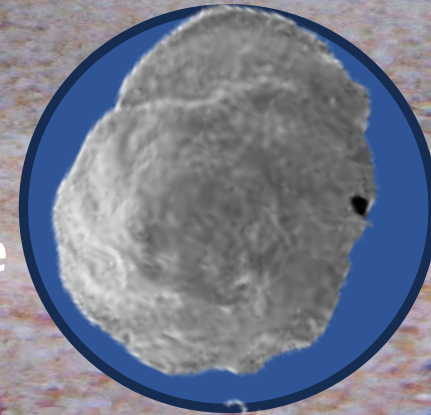


IODP Site U1513,
 Santonian (~85 Ma), >200m



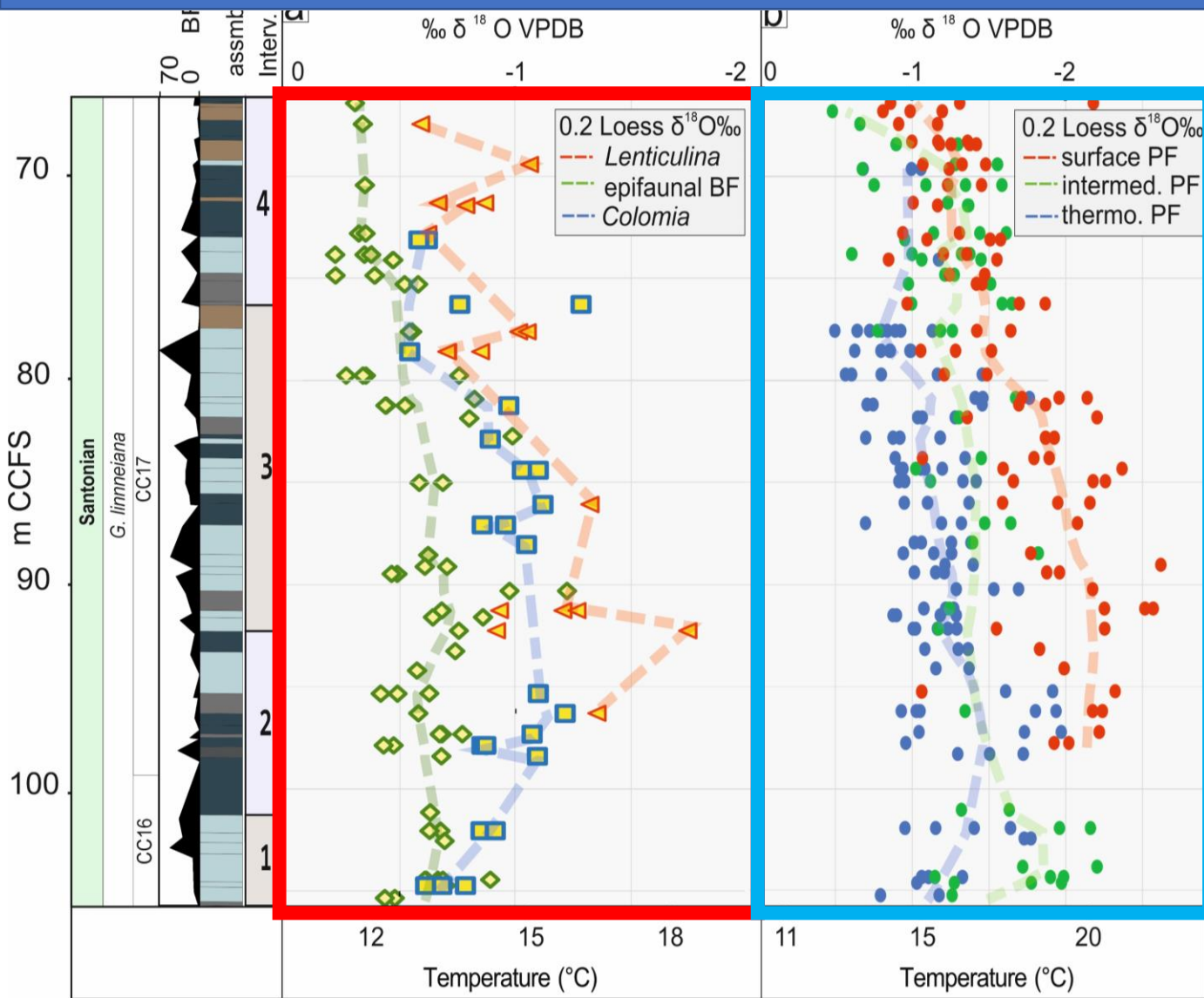
planktonic foraminifera record
 the largest increase in $\delta^{18}O$ values
 (cooling by $\sim 5^{\circ}C$),

epifaunal benthic foraminifera
 only register a moderate decline
 by $\sim 2^{\circ}C$



generated with NightCafé

The Upper Cretaceous record of IODP Site U1513 – different strategies in changing bottom waters

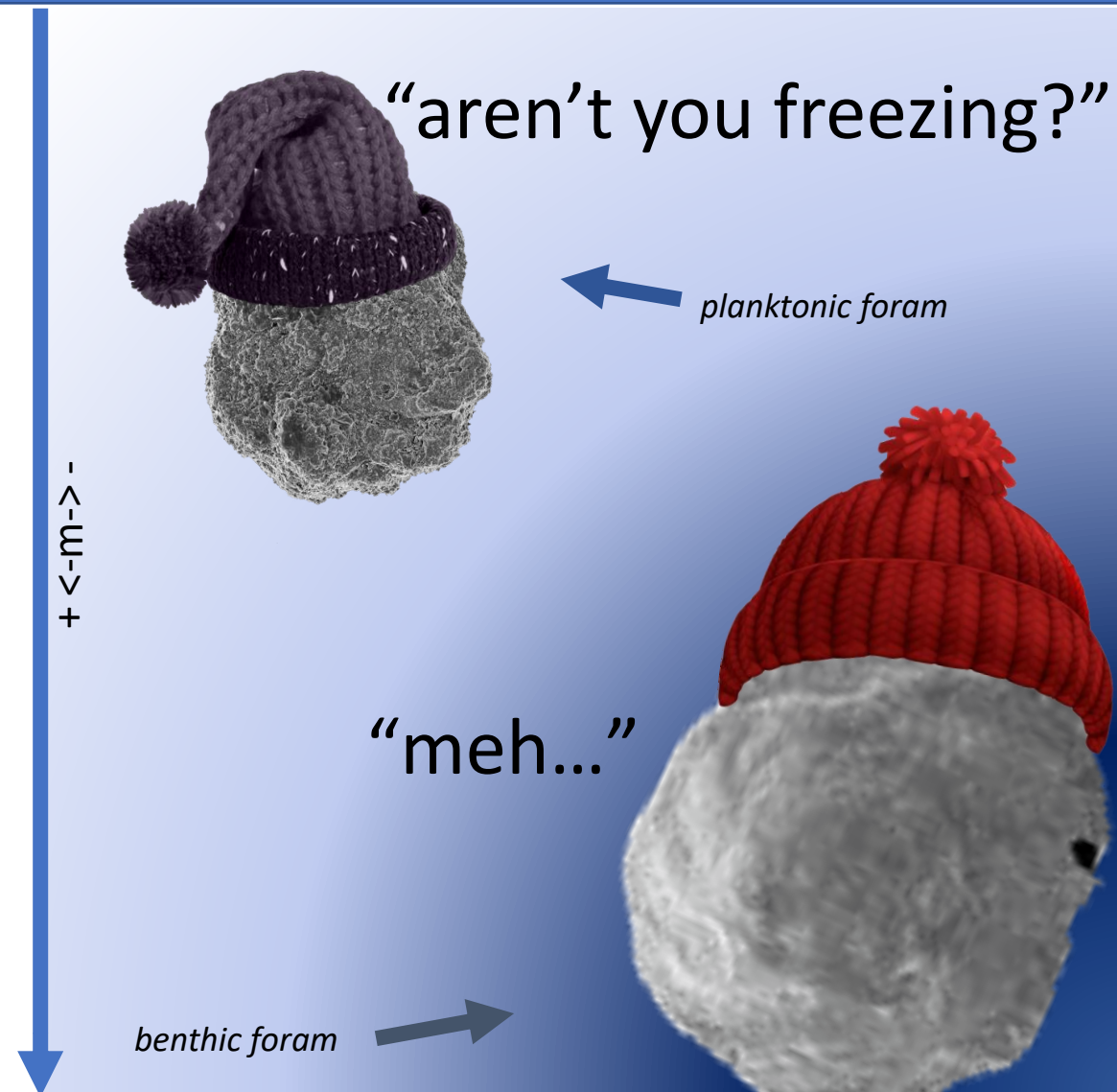


- **surfacewater cooling** of 5°C, from ~17-15°
- the **seafloor at Site 1513** cooled by maximally 2°C (from ~14-12°)



The Upper Cretaceous record of IODP Site U1513 – the onset of cooling in the Santonian

- The onset of the Late Cretaceous cooling is a surface water signal
- Surface dwelling planktonic foraminifera record the largest increase in $\delta^{18}O$ values (**cooling by $\sim 5^{\circ}C$**),
- Whereas epifaunal benthic foraminifera only register a moderate **decline by $\sim 2^{\circ}C$**



Concluding remarks



- **The "Cretaceous Hothouse" climate and Gondwana breakup (re)shaped the Austral-Antarctic realm for the remainder of the Mesozoic.**
- **Opening of the Austral-Antarctic Gulf transformed the basin from a passage with terrestrial and estuarine influence to a broad seaway.**
- **Despite Cretaceous anoxia and global Oceanic Anoxic Events, benthic microfossil communities in the southern high latitudes display impressive resilience, recovering without any extinctions.**
- **The Santonian cooling primarily affected surface waters and circulation patterns/current regimes, with less impact on bottom waters.**

Thanks go to



IODP
INTERNATIONAL OCEAN
DISCOVERY PROGRAM

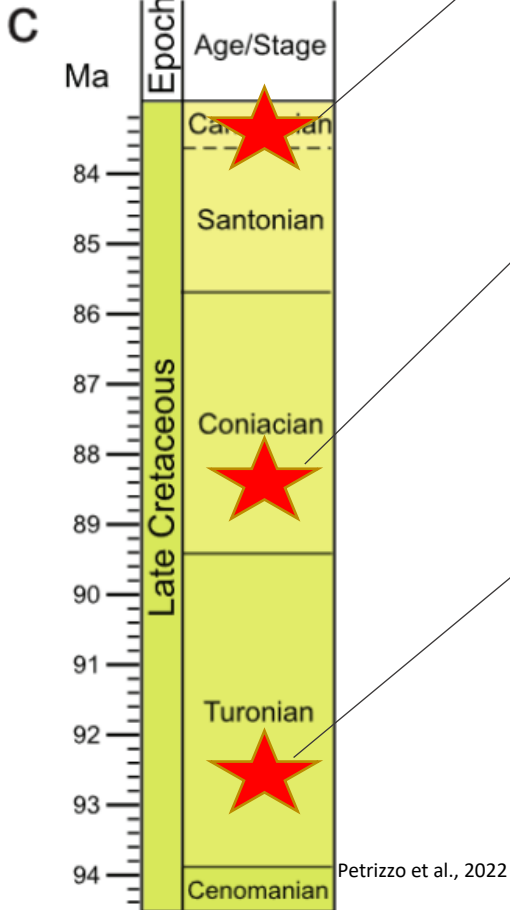


FWF

Der Wissenschaftsfonds.
P-J4444

Giulia Amaglio, Petra Heinz, Brian Huber, Michael A. Kaminski, Eun Young Lee, Kenneth G. MacLeod, Maria Rose Petrizzo, Carmine C. Wainman, Anna Waskowska, David K. Watkins, the IODP Expedition 369 scientists

The Upper Cretaceous record of IODP Site U1513 – some important contributions of FWF J4444



Santonian deep sea benthic foraminifera from IODP Site U1513, Mentelle Basin: Reactions of benthic foraminiferal ... Wolfgring et al. (2022), *Marine Micropaleontology*, 175, 102152

Late Cretaceous Paleooceanographic Evolution and the Onset of Cooling in the Santonian at Southern High Latitudes. Petrizzo et al. (2021), *Paleoceanography and Paleoclimatology*, 37, 1, e2021PA004353.

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Late Cretaceous stratigraphy [...] from IODP Site U1512. MacLeod et al. (2020), *Gondwana Research*, 83, 80–95, 10.1016/j.gr.2020.01.009.

Cretaceous southern high latitude benthic foraminiferal assemblages during OAE 2 at IODP Site U1516.

Wolfgring et al. (2023), *Cretaceous Research*, 148, 105555

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***Buzasina antarctica* n. sp., a new lituolid from the Upper Cret., Great Australian Bight.** Kaminski et al. (2023), *Micropaleontology*, 66, 2, pp. 139-142

Southern Ocean *Haplophragmoides* from IODP Site U1512, Great Australian Bight. Wolfgring et al (2023), *Revue de Micropaléontologie*, 100739

Biostratigraphy of the Albian in the Southern High Latitudes, IODP Site U1513, Indian Ocean. Wolfgring et al. (2023), *subm.*